

Resolving clinical stalemates when working with people with intellectual disability

Key actions planning template

A service does not accept a person because of their diagnosis or complexity of treatment plan

AUTHORS

Janelle Weise, Claire Eagleson, Jenna Zhao, Tahli Hind, Dominique Abagi, and Julian Trollor.

Department of Developmental Disability Neuropsychiatry, Discipline of Psychiatry and Mental Health, Faculty of Medicine and Health, UNSW Sydney

Description of resource

Clinical stalemates can commonly occur when working with people with intellectual disability, especially around diagnosis and suitable treatment. This template provides a guide to reflect on clinical stalemates where a service does not accept a person because of their diagnosis or complexity of treatment, consider the contributing factors, and develop a plan to resolve the stalemate.

See the <u>Clinical stalemates</u> section on the <u>Intellectual Disability Mental Health Connect</u> website for more details.









Stalemate type

A service does not accept a person because of their diagnosis or complexity of treatment plan

Describe the issue

People involved and roles





Actions to date

Include actions utilised and note what worked/did not work.

Actions	Outcome	Why the action may/may not have worked



Plan to resolve the stalemate

Steps	Guidance	Notes and plans	
O1 Consider the contributing factors	Consider for example: complexity of the person's case and their physical and mental health history treatment response in the past current supports and services team involved in care and communication strategies between services.		
02	General approaches		
Consider possible key actions	Review the general approaches on Intellectual Disability Mental Health Connect. Listen to the person and their support networks' concerns. Seek advice from others. Keep all parties up to date on actions taken and progress. Offer ongoing support until the situation is resolved. Consider the need for additional supports.		
	Specific approaches		
	 Seek advice from experts on more appropriate services. Consider temporary arrangements for the person that will not traumatise them or hinder their recovery while the issue is resolved (e.g. a psychiatrist advising their GP on management whilst on a waiting list). Support the person to make a complaint if necessary. Suggest they look at the Lam not happy with the service section. For a full list of key suggested actions see the Clinical stalemates section. 		

Plan to resolve the stalemate (CONTINUED)

Steps	Guidance	Notes and plans
03 Decide on actions to take	Depending on the issue, choose appropriate initial actions. Several actions may be required. Consider a timeframe that will be used before deciding whether an action has been successful or not.	
04 Who needs to be involved?	Include who should be involved to achieve the actions and what their role is.	
05 What was the outcome and why?	Evaluate whether actions have resolved/aided progress on the issue. Reflect on why an action worked or did not work.	
06 Are further actions needed?	If the situation has not resolved/no progress, return to Step 2 and consider further actions. Acknowledge this and offer ongoing support to the person and their support networks until the situation is resolved.	